# Georg Mohr and Adrian Mikhalchishin

# **FORGOTTEN GENIUS**

The Life and Games of Grandmaster Albin Planinc

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# The Life and Games of Grandmaster Albin Planinc

# **Thinkers Publishing 2021**



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# For the hero of my youth

I have been actively involved in the chess world for several decades. I have dealt with practically everything that has to do with the Royal Game: from playing professionally, training at home and all over the world, organizing tournaments, even the biggest of events, to writing columns, comments, articles and books. I am lucky that I was born in one of the most chess-loving countries in the world, Yugoslavia, and that my Slovenia has continued the shining chess tradition outlined by the old Slovenian genius Dr. Milan Vidmar. I have traveled the world with chess. And wherever I introduce myself and wherever I have tried to explain where my little country was, I was greeted with a smile. Chess? Slovenia? Of course - Albin Planinc!

Right. Albin Planinc. Not Dr. Vidmar, unofficially the fourth best chess player in the world at his time. Not Vasja Pirc, the only Slovene with 'his' opening. Nor Bruno Parma, who keeps six Olympic medals in his cupboard. But Albin Planinc, an artist who went down in chess history with 'one move more'. More precisely, with many more moves. He created a whole series of moves that will go down in the annals of chess forever.

I always had only one role model in chess, Albin Planinc. I knew about his difficulties, that he was one of the chosen unfortunates - chess geniuses who were pushed aside, forgotten. Among those who crossed the thin line between genius and madness, that invisible line that absorbed many chess geniuses on the other side, not only Planinc. They were Paul Morphy, the first role model of Planinc himself, Wilhelm Steinitz, the first World Champion, Akiba Rubinstein, perhaps the greatest of all those who did not crown themselves with the title of World Champion. In a way also Robert Fischer, if you like. And many others, maybe just a little less famous, less important.

Who knows what history would be like if Albin Planinc had existed for a few more years? His actual career only lasted a good five years, and in that short time he left us an incredible amount. He ran out of time to fight for prestigious titles, he ran out of time to explain some secrets of some forgotten openings. There are games. The readers of this book will soon discover that these games are not commonplace. They are imbued with incredible energy, interwoven with so many imaginary climaxes, with so much of what most people think is beautiful in chess. These are games destined for chess immortality, the games of the Slovenian chess Mozart.

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Everything else is a coincidence. Including the fact that Planinc was one of my first teachers, who were not abundant in the mid-seventies of the twentieth century. Until our paths crossed again, a few years later, when I had the honor of playing one of the last games in the life of a great master. Until a good twenty years later, when I was allowed to announce the death of my role model to the world. How painful it was for me when I remembered all the unful-



Albin Planinc

filled wishes to help him somehow, to make his final years easier.

How many evenings we dedicated to Planinc and his creativity with my chess friend, co-author of this book, Grandmaster Adrian Mikhalchishin, who comes from a completely different chess environment. And who, interestingly enough, has also learned from the games of the great Albin Planinc! And he certainly did not lack examples in the old Soviet Union. But no, Adrian recognized and chose Planinc!

So the decision to write a book about our hero was not too difficult. We saw it as our duty. Adrian is only too well aware that great stories are often forgotten.

I sincerely hope that you, dear readers, will enjoy the wonderful master-pieces you find in this book. In addition to the authors, some contemporaries of Planinc were also involved in the writing, immediately responding proudly and lovingly to the request to keep the memory of the Slovene genius alive. I sincerely hope that the book you have before you will ensure that we will not forget the Slovenian self-taught chess player, one of the greatest chess players the world has ever known.

Finally, I would like to thank all those who have participated in the project. First of all Adrian Mikhalchishin, who has invested a lot of his knowledge, goodwill and energy in the project. Grandmasters who have written their own memories of Planinc, and you will find these in special 'boxes' in this book. To the con-

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temporaries, friends, and fellow competitors of Planinc who remembered this or that anecdote, this or that event, this memory. To the young contemporary of Planinc - friend, sparring partner, student and teacher at the same time - Iztok Jelen, who wrote a special article about their young years for this book. Janko Bohak, the legendary chess player from Ptuj, a fanatical collector of everything related to chess, for providing us with the material he had so carefully collected about Planinc.

Special thanks go to Rajka Smokvina, the lady who was the only one to win the heart of Planinc and who so selflessly shared with us her memories and confided to us many secrets from the life of a genius from Ljubljana.

Books about chess players usually do not find sponsors who are also willing to financially support the publication of the book. The story of Planinc is an exception here as well: the former president of the Slovenian Chess Association, **Dr. Tomaž Subotič**, came to our aid immediately, and **Evgenij Ušakov**, a Russian-Latvian-English-Slovenian businessman, who is considered one of the greatest supporters of chess projects in modern times, became even more involved in the project. The Slovenian Chess Federation also accepted the invitation, in addition to its current president, **Dr. Milan Brglez**.

Almost last but not least, thanks to the team of employees (their names can be found in the colophon) who have devoted too many hours of their free time to the project. And finally, although perhaps they should be at the top, the members of my family who so patiently endured my escape to Planinc World. They probably trembled not to interfere too much with the fate of my role model.

Georg Mohr, Chess Grandmaster, Maribor, December 2020

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# Childhood

Albin Planinc was born in the middle of the Second World War, on 18<sup>th</sup> April 1944, in the little village of Briše, near the small town of Zagorje ob Savi, approximately 30 kilometers from Ljubljana, the capital of Slovenia. He spent his childhood with his mother Ljudmila (unofficially Milka), a simple, uneducated woman who earned money from various unskilled jobs.

They lived together with their grandmother, who was still alive at the time, or rather served on a large farm, which the locals call Pr ,Bratet. The Razpotniks have lived there for many years, and the current owner, **Franc Razpotnik**, remembers the Planinc family as follows:

'I was still too young to remember Albin and his mother, who moved to Ljubljana a few years after the war. Grandma stayed, and we arranged an apartment for them above the barns. They earned housing and food with help on the farm, such were the times then. It was said that the Planinc ladies came to us from France. I don't know how or why, but I assume that the lady was married to one of the miners, and quite a few of them left our places for bread abroad. Anyway, they came back alone, and later Milka had a son.'

The name of the father was not known - it was spoken, although it was never officially confirmed, that the father was a (unknown) German soldier. This interpretation would explain a lot, especially the existential problems that Ljudmila suffered in the first years after the war. The strict Socialist-Bolshevik authorities in former Yugoslavia did not like such stories – Albin and his mother were never rescued by the welfare from poverty.

Moreover, Ljudmila was also in a very bad state of health. The fragile woman was exhausted at work and later at home so that she could barely lead a decent life. Soon (or even earlier?) the first signs of persecution mania appeared, a mental illness that was rarely encountered at that time, and an effective treatment could not even have been spoken about.

The mother took care of every task, whether it was at home in Briše, where she helped on the farms, or with occasional services, such as cleaning at the Ljubljana railway station. Albin attended primary school in neighbouring Mlinše, and he did not like school. Mostly because of classmates who knew his hardships, and those difficult moments that he and his mother endured, and because the classmates also knew about the psychological crises from which the mother

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occasionally suffered. Albin was always hungry, often ridiculed and did not feel comfortable in such an environment.

The mother had no one she could turn to for help. When her mental distress was particularly great, she was kept at Ljubljana Hospital for one day, two days, and sometimes longer. During these days Albin stayed at home alone. Frightened, hungry and helpless. If he even peeked out of the apartment, he was greeted by his neighbors who called him 'rough, hard words'. Mostly words that the little boy did not even understand, but he knew they did not mean anything nice, nothing good. The wounds were carved into his already so delicate consciousness, which balanced on a very thin wire till his death.

Albin was shaped by his childhood, and if you add the genetics and the situation in which he and his mother lived, we get an adolescent boy who was promised nothing particularly beautiful in his life. The bond between him and his mother became stronger every day. They had each other and slowly built a cage, a kind of armor plating that remained unbreakable until the end. Neither he nor the mother could step out of the cage. Albin tried several times, but the bond to his mother was always the stronger, calling him back to the world that only they knew.

As chance would have it, a teacher named **Janez Železnik** showed the children in the primary school in Mlinše how to play chess, and taught them the rules of the game. Of course, no one ever dreamed that inside a small, self-contained little boy was hiding a chess dynamite. Not even if it was considered good in that environment, not even if it was great, they would not recognize it there and then. But it was Albin's game, and he remembered her rules.

Another coincidence was that once, when his mother had just got back from the hospital (while Albin spent the usual humiliation at home) she bought a chess set as a present for him. Was it a casual gift? Maybe a birthday or some holiday gift, where the common people were given presents at that time. She probably knew his interest in the game, so she did not buy him a ball. She had no money for a bicycle, but as for the ball ... well, who would play ball with her 'Bine' anyway, a little boy who did not even take part in street games?

The next few years of Planinc's youth are shrouded in darkness. Later Albin found out that his only toys, the chess set, held on to him with all their might. He was the happiest boy under the sun when he found a fellow player, anyone, just to play a game. At school he asked his classmates, but they had no place for the black and white squares and for moving wooden pieces. Where they lived there was no time for such things.

Just like the one-year older Bobby Fischer on the other side of the Atlantic, he also acquired his chess knowledge himself. At that time he did not know that

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there were chess books in the world. Although not far away lived a 'huge' chess player, once one of the best in the world, Dr. Milan Vidmar, this meant nothing to Planinc. He and his mother did not follow the news, even less read the newspapers in which some chess news, or even a diagram, were published from time to time. They lived in their own world, hidden far away from the life that circled around them.

Soon the story in Briše closed: the mother could no longer manage to survive in the small town, and they set off for Ljubljana. There Ljudmila found a modest job and they moved to a kind of barrack's apartment, which gave the poor people at least the basic conditions for survival.

At the end of the fifties, when Albin was entering his teens, they found themselves in the Slovenian capital. Life was hard, and they continued to live in fear of poverty and constant shortages. It had become easier for the boy to spend the days when his mother was in rehab, but apart from that not much had changed. The young man was 'swallowing' books, which he found more easily in Ljubljana, at least easier than in Briše, which was becoming more and more a place at the end of the world. He was interested in everything, but he did not change his relationship with school. He finished basic school education, but for a continuation of studies he had no desire, no interest. The game of chess occupied him all the more, attacking both his conscious and subconscious. Chess became his mirror to the world; he compared everything in his way to the pathways on the chess-board.

Once he trusted to his young acquaintance, **Vinko Velušček**, one of the few towards whom he kept his positive attitude all the way to death: You know, Vinko, I understand this sentence of Pythagoras. But in chess this rule does not apply - no matter how you turn it around, the calculation according to chess moves and the hypotenuse does not work ...'

He became ever more alone, locking himself up in the company of books and a mother, who was all the time without words. The mother was a kind, gentle woman who saw her own fears. She also transferred her anxiety to Albin, and both felt most secure in the protection of their modest home. Mother, with her thoughts who knows where, and Albin, with his books, which he read one after another, day and night, even in semi-darkness, which also worsened his vision in the long run.

During these years, Albin found out that chess is not just a game to shorten leisure time. Among his many books there was more and more often a chess book, which opened a new world to him, a world which he did not suspect. By this time he had already filled thirteen years, so we can find information in many

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of his records that he properly learned the game at that age. The great masters, tournaments, stories of old times were attracted to him like a magnet. Openings, endings, strategies and, above all, tactics! He was a restless spirit, and felt more attracted to this element than with the peaceful, safe, predictable. Probably it was right there, in those early years, that he had developed a style of play that would later so excite the chess public. At first locally, soon expanding through Slovenia, then throughout Yugoslavia and within a few years all over the world ...

Since his first chess lessons he had been fascinated by the magical inauguration of King's Gambit. How enthusiastically he studied the romantic games of old masters, who were able to invent such unusual, such superior ideas and won games in great style - not only with a 'naked' technical game. And Jose Raul Capablanca? He would fall asleep at his games! Therefore it was Paul Morphy who became the hero of his youth. Albin knew all his games and also his tragic personal history. And he fully understood them, and he experienced compassionately and deeply the American's moments of loneliness and confusion, the fact that he is not in his right time and space.

Even among the Slovenian chess players Albin had his hero. Stojan Puc, Golden Olympian in 1950, a strong master, later International Master and many years later also a Grandmaster (FIDE recognized his title many years later, on the basis of the Olympic Gold medal) Stojan Puc, the chess player who embodied the Planinc perception of the game. The King's Gambit was a permanent fixture in the repertoire of Puc, as were unusual defensive systems with the black pieces. Puc was always looking for action, counterattacks and opportunities. The famous Albin Planinc would soon follow in his footsteps.

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# 1961 - First tournaments

Planinc's tournament beginnings resemble the few years younger Iztok Jelen (born 1947), an International Master from Ljubljana. He did not know yet that a strange bond would develop between them, and their careers would be intertwined, practically all the way to Planinc's retirement from chess. Sometimes their bond was stronger, definitely the strongest in the early years, later the most fleeting, as they moved along their respective paths, Jelen in academic chess, Planinc in top chess.

'I met Bine, as we colleagues call him, in January 1961 at the **Ljubljana Youth Championships**. It was a few days before my fourteenth birthday and about three months before his seventeenth. We played in a very spacious chess house, which was located in the city center, on Cankarjeva street 1, on the first floor. For me, it was probably my first serious tournament outside the school or club framework, as we both started to play more seriously relatively late, he in his thirteenth year, me in my twelfth.

His beautiful victories in the first rounds of the championship were already in the foreground of the team mates' attention before our game. I surprised him with a version of the Sicilian Defense that I knew from the magazine Šahovski glasnik. And after we drew in just a few moves, we simply sat down for a long analysis. I cannot remember who was more afraid of continuing the fight and who offered the draw. But I do know that after the Bled super-tournament of the same year, when the chief arbiter Dr. Milan Vidmar started to pursue premature draws, it would not be possible to finish the game so quickly, without receiving a yellow card from the arbiter ...!'

Planinc took third place in the Championship (the champion being Marjan Ankerst, who later became a Master), and two months later we again fought, at the **Ljubljana Youth Championships**, for the next qualification step. Planinc had the white pieces and I already knew that he used the King's Gambit, so I prepared the so called Opatija Abbey Defense, which was recommended by Vladimir Vuković in one of his very popular books (*Škola kombiniranja*).

After...

1.e4 e5 2. f4 ef4 3. Nf3 d5 4. ed5 Nf6 5. Bb5 c6 6. dc6 Nc6 7. d4 Bd6 8.0-0 0-0 He surprised me with a move 9.c4

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... which was new to me.

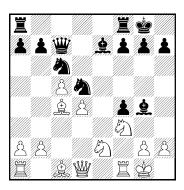
# 9...Bg4 10.Nc3 Qc7

These moves were followed, surprisingly again, by the move ...

#### 11.C5

... which I had provoked with my previous move. Since it abandons the square d5, I believed it violated the rules of positional play too much to expect.

# 11...Be7 12.Ne2 Nd5 13.Bc4



#### 13...Ne3?!

As we can convince ourselves of today with computer analysis, here 13...Rad8 would be better, with advantage to Black.

## 14.Be3 fe3

I do not remember the rest of the game, I just know that the balance did not collapse and we agreed to a draw in about ten further moves. Neither he, nor I, were happy with the opening outcome. Because 13...Rad8 did not come to my mind, I had the impression that I was not quite equal in the opening, but that he did not gain any advantage either. So, after this game I no longer used the Opatija defence and after a short time, Planinc prevented it with the risky Steinitz variation 3.Nc3 Qh4 4.Ke2, with which he had quite some success.

Apparently this was the tournament where I also witnessed an interesting event, when Planinc completely outplayed one of his opponents, who thus stopped the clock in a seemingly hopeless position. In analysis Planinc showed him a hidden defence that would have made resignation unnecessary. The opponent was suddenly revived and asked Planinc if they could continue the game, which was finished already! Planinc said yes (!), they restarted the clock and continued the game as the arbiter hadn't noticed that the game was already over. His opponent fought back for a while, but the final score did not change - Albin won the game with a nice combination.

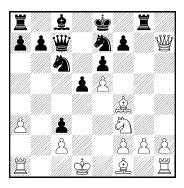
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Another adventure, of a similar kind, happened a few months later, in June, at the **Youth Championships of Slovenia**. The competition was held in two parts: first the qualification, then the final tournament. The first part was very stressful because we had to play two games per day. After a long and exhausting fight in the morning, which itself I could hardly manage, we met in the afternoon. I had the white pieces. Under the impression of the recently-ended duel between Mikhail Botvinnik and Mikhail Tal, I chose a fashionable variation, which was used by Tal against the Winawer Variation in the French Defence:

# 1.e4 e6 2.d4 d5 3.Nc3 Bb4 4.e5 c5 5.a3 Bc3 6.bc3 Ne7 7.Qg4 Qc7 8.Qg7 Rg8 9.Qh7 cd4 10.Kd1!?

Even this extravagant move is from the Tal: Botvinnik match. Today we know that better is 10.Ne2.

## 10...Nbc6 11.Nf3 dc3 12.Bf4?!



After this inaccurate move, Black can take over the initiative with the answer 12... Qb6! I only counted on the standard 12...Bd7, but Planinc upset me with ...

## 12...Rg4?!

This move made me answer with the unaesthetic 13.g3, after which I was no longer satisfied with my position, even though it would actually still be good. Even better than 13.g3 would have been 13.Bg5.

However, I said to Planinc: 'I'll surprise you; I give up.' And I stopped the clock. I told him that I was sick and unable to continue the game. He protested. It is characterized by a slightly more rounded posture for worship, but he leaned back and began to flip through his trouser pockets. Out of it he pulled a stick of chewing gum and said: 'Here, take it. It will strengthen you and you can go on.'

I thanked him, but I stuck to my decision. As a result, he easily took his place in the final tournament, where he was inspired with ideas and combinations, but too often the difficult sights appeared in his games. For example, in a game with Lipnik, when he won the bishop pair and a pawn for his opponent's rook after an

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excellent attacking game, he had to exchange queens and transpose into a completely winning endgame. But, he messed up everything and finally even lost. I should know, as I (with the permission of the arbiter) copied all the games of the final tournament and then studied all of Planinc's (and the other best games from this Championship) from these notes. When I asked Albin about this game, he said that it was extremely difficult for him, when, in a thrilling match, where the opponent was completely outplayed, to prove a victory in the endgame, when the opponent ought to have given up ten moves ago ...'

International master **Vojko Musil** (born 1945) from Maribor, his keen opponent in the youth competition, also remembers Planinc's first official competitions.

'We met in 1961 at the Slovenian Youth Championship in Ljubljana, where we came from Maribor with **Ivan Žagar**. Although we were a year or two younger than Planinc, we were much more experienced and seasoned warriors in chess. We grew up in the middle of the then-stellar Railway Chess Club Maribor (Železničarski šahovski klub Maribor), which also achieved wonderful success at full Yugoslav level, and we played very successfully on the youth boards. Albin introduced himself to us as early as 1961 as a loner. He didn't hang out too much or do almost anything with the other participants. When the naughty teenagers hurried into the night after the games, Albin was not with us.



Slovenian Youth Championship, Ljubljana 1961. Planinc standing, fourth from left.

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During the championship we stayed in a student dormitory and - interestingly - Planinc also lived there. Although we were told that he was from Ljubljana, he allegedly lived in the student dormitory during the school year. So his room was in the other wing of the house and after the games he hurried there, but did not return to us. So we remembered him mostly from his games. They were wonderful, something new and refreshing on the Slovenian chess scene. Fireworks of ideas and wonderful ideas were just gushing out of him. We knew he only needed experience ...'

In 1961 chess was at the height of its popularity in Slovenia. The Interzonal Tournament in Portorož in 1958 and the two rounds of the Candidates' Tournament, which were held the following year in Bled, were still remembered by the public and chess players alike. Slovenia was proud of its legendary Grandmasters Dr. Milan Vidmar and Vasja Pirc, proud of the Golden Olympians from the Dubrovnik Olympiad in 1950 (Stojan Puc and Milan Vidmar Jr. (son of the famous doctor) plus Pirc, of course). Both the Vidmar elders and Pirc were also known as excellent chess theorists and writers, and their teachings were nurtured by the new genus of extremely talented chessplayers. In the first row Bruno Parma, who became World Youth Champion in the same year 1961 and announced his entry among the great stars of world chess (later he would win six Olympic medals with the then-superpower Yugoslavia, although his potential was not fulfilled in the end).

Chess life took place mainly in two important centers - Ljubljana and Maribor. In the capital, the drivers were the forces of the Slovenian Chess Federation, while the chess players were gathered in a legendary chess home in the city center. In Maribor the pace was dictated by the Railway Chess Club, which won the National Chess Cup in 1959. In 1961 there was also the legendary tournament, something like a memorial of the first big tournament in Bled (1931), when the World Champion Alexander Alekhine raced away and scored a victory with one of the biggest gaps in a super-tournament in chess history (his nearest rival, Efim Bogoljubov, a full five and a half points behind!)

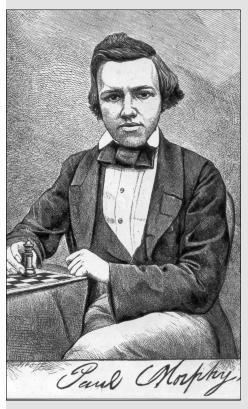
Even stronger was the jubilee tournament – involving numerous past and future World Champions and some Slovenians.

The young Slovenian guard did not yet play at this tournament (except Parma, of course), although this new genre of chess players showed incredible talent. Albin Planinc, Vojko Musil, Mirko Žagar, Iztok Jelen and many others, were a team such as no other republic in Yugoslavia could boast. And not only in Yugoslavia, in the whole world, too.

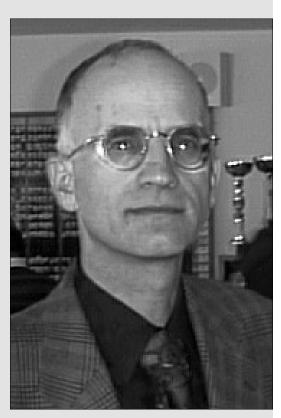
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The homestead 'Pr Bratet' where Albin was born and spent his early years (pictured 2020).



Paul Morphy, the hero of Planinc's youth.



Iztok Jelen, Planinc's friend, competitor and trainer.

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# 1962 – First Steps on the State Scene

**T** et's hand over the story once again to **Iztok Jelen**:

Li'In this and the next two years there were frequent periods when Planinc and I met regularly in the late afternoon and evening at the Chess House for joint chess analyzes, friendly games and discussions for two. In the kiosk at the corner of Cankarjeva cesta we regularly bought the Zagreb Vjesnik on Wednesday, where the occasional National team player, the International Master Mario Bertok, published the games of current and important tournaments. Afterwards, we analyzed together the opening and the central themes of the most interesting games. Often until 11 pm when the director closed the house. The topics of our conversations were not always just chess. Sometimes we also read something else from Vjesnik. Even though Albin was well self-educated with an open mind, I did not have the feeling that I lagged behind him. But what he read, unlike me, who was inclined to believe the authorities, he thought analytically about and with a healthy dose of skepticism. I would say he was a self-made thinker, but I myself was more of a 'bookworm.'

Once he asked me, seriously as usual, how it is possible for an Asian man, unlike us Westerners, to endure sexual intercourse with a woman for up to five minutes without an orgasm. Because I did not know if it was a little or a lot, and because I did not have that kind of experience, I kept quiet, gently. However, he developed the idea that this is possible through meditation, yoga and other mental techniques that are in the tradition of their cultures. Then we went back to chess topics. He asked me again, 'Would you try drugs if you had the chance?' 'No!' I fired this one syllable as if from a cannon and out of conviction. He disagreed with me. He said, 'I would try drugs if I had the chance. I'd be interested to see how they work.'

I once asked him why he insists on playing the King's Gambit, although it is obvious that the Ruy Lopez objectively leaves more room for initiative. He replied that the game in the 'Spanish opening' develops too slowly for his taste; it needs too many preparatory moves, too many maneuvers before the action takes place. Suggestions as to what to analyze, what to talk about, he usually gave. He was interested in my implementations, answers and opinions, with which he then argued and argued analytically. Persistent but calm, with a serious expression on his face, on which I could detect a slight hint of bitterness. The seriousness

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was tempered by rare flashes of humor about a paradox, which brought a smile to his face. Sometimes, when he was annoyed by some irregularity or injustice, he would get excited in conversation. After more determined gestures and mild hints of sarcasm or causticity in his words, it was clear that he did not care.

'At the **Ljubljana Youth Championships** in January 1962, Albin took first place, with myself second. We drew our game. He beat me at the **Junior Championships** in **Slovenia** in July. Supposedly this was the tournament where I played a kind of Blackmar-Diemer Gambit: 1.d4 Nf6 2.Nc3 d5 3.Bg5 c6 4.e4?! de4 5.f3 ef3 6.Nf3 Bf5. He then defended himself without difficulty and converted the pawn advantage. He won the tournament and qualified for the **Yugoslav Youth Championships** where he tied for fourth and fifth places.

'In September of the same year, we both played in the **Slovenian Champion-ship** for the first time. Already during the tournament we were invited to visit the library by the then secretary of the Slovenian Chess Federation, the well-known journalist **Aco Pasternjak**, who for this period and then for almost a year afterwards was our most important and principal supporter within the chess organization. The chess player from Maribor, Dr. Ivan Krulc, had left many important chess books and literature to the Chess Federation in his will, so we could select the books we needed for our development. After the first half of the Championship, Aco invited us to join the Chess Club Novinar, which needed us the following year to play in the first divisions of both Yugoslav and Slovenian leagues.'

**Dr. Ivan Malešič**, one of the leading Slovenian chess players in those years, also remembers interesting events from the Slovenian Championship: 'It was an extremely tense Championship. As the only representative of Styrian clubs among the 'Ljubljana mafia', as we called the group of extremely strong Ljubljana masters in Maribor, I tried to get to one of the first two places that led to the national Championship. I knew that the people of Ljubljana would 'play as a team' and try to disable me, but I nevertheless fought well and a few rounds before the end I still held the ticket to the national Championship in my hands. But at the same time I struggled with a technical problem: because the Maribor team was going on a long, pre-arranged tour to Scandinavia, where they were waiting for us with the best railway clubs they possessed, I announced before the tournament that I would have to play the last game in advance. Not the arbiters, much less myself, knew what I would do if I adjourned one of the last games: the adjourned games were scheduled for the day when I was supposed to be driving towards Stockholm.

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It turned out that I might only adjourn one game, against debutant Albin Planinc, then an 18-year-old, silent, humble boy. After wild complications, the game unfolded into an even, equal finale, which would have ended in a draw in just a few moves. How the Ljubljana cats jumped! They skied around Planinc, begging him not stop the game, because I would not be able to continue anyway. But the tall boy only looked up at them a little, sat down at the chessboard and said, 'I suggest a draw. I know about your problems, but there is a draw on the chessboard. I'm not interested in plots, just the position on the chessboard!' What a character! I didn't meet Albin too much in later times. My path took me to science, he completely surrendered to chess. But in me he had made a big fan for life, as well as an older comrade who could always ask him for advice on this and that.'

The **National Youth Championship** in 1962 was Planinc's first major success at national level - an important achievement in the country, which at the time was undoubtedly the second chess superpower in the world. As a Slovenian champion, Planinc expected even more than a tie for fourth place, as well as more than his middle of the table place in his first important tournament among seniors - the **12**th **Slovenian Championship**. All the more so because he was already



National Youth Championship, Vrnjačka Banja 1962. Planinc standing, second from left.

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completely blinded by chess. Playing in the Black and White fields was by far the most important thing in his life: school was a long-ago memory, and he convinced his mother that he would just like to play chess for a few years. He was eighteen years old, and although today it doesn't seem like excessive youth, Planinc lacked experience. After all, in 1962 he played his first serious and official games against seniors, and he had barely three or four tournaments behind him!

For his chess approach he did not need much: he was modest to the extreme, he ate little or almost nothing, although he was a big, strong boy. Even then his taste for food began to take shape; he did not like meat and ate it only on rare occasions. Alcohol did not smell good to him either, and he still had a negative attitude towards smoking at that time. As we can read in Jelen's memoirs, he was interested in girls, but probably more in theory than in practice. There is nothing known about Planinc having a girlfriend, or even a crush. Chess and chess alone!

Musil also remembers the 1962 Youth Championships:

'In 1962, Planinc waved the regulations at the Slovenian Youth Championship at us all. Along with him, Žagar and I also qualified for the **National Youth Championship** in **Vrnjačka Banja**, and a good two weeks of intense socializing awaited us, when we finally got to know Albin a little better, and not just around the chessboard. I remember his complete naivety the most. He trusted everything and everyone, and it was obvious that he had a lot of problems with interpersonal relationships. Of course, young people at that time did not yet know or perhaps want to understand this, and we took advantage of this quite a few times. Especially Žagar, who could not understand that Planinc did not understand a single word of the Serbo-Croatian language, and in Vrnjačka Banja in 1962 he could not help himself. Since he was constantly annoying us with what to order for dinner, Žagar once recommended that he order 'mastilo' (ink in Serbo-Croatian) for a drink at dinner. Albin, of course, obeyed him, but after receiving the order, the waiter wanted to physically settle accounts with him ...

For the second time, Planinc listened to him when ordering lunch: 'Today only 'šargarepa' (carrots in Serbo-Croatian), please!' How amazed he was when he was served a large bowl of sliced carrots ... And so it went in a circle. The good-natured Planinc did not blame us for our pranks, moreover, he soon completely relaxed and before the end of the tournament he had already made some jokes. These were wonderful times, and the foundations of our friendship for many decades was laid.

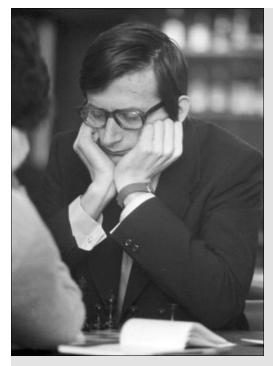
It was different at the chessboard. We Slovenes were a force, all three among the hot favorites for first place. In the end, none of us succeeded, but all three of us finished in the top five. Žagar was second, Planinc and I fourth and fifth.

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Slobodan Bojković took the victory sensationally in front of our noses, and Bojan Kurajica, a few years later also the World Youth champion and later still a famous Grandmaster, split the Slovenian trio. With this result, we paved the way for the youth national team. A few months later, we were called up for a traditional duel with our Hungarian peers, this time Budapest's turn to play host. Our socializing continued; the friendship strengthened.'

And in the game only initiative, attack, risk. Time was an element he valued far more than material, and although he could not put it into words, this could be deduced from his way of playing chess. With the White pieces, he loved the move 1.e2-e4, with which he could fight for the initiative in the most justified way. He had his favorite variations: in the open games the King's Gambit, against the French Defense 3.Nc3, against the Sicilians the main variations. With the Black pieces he liked to defend himself with the French Defense, as he enjoyed most and wanted closed openings. The King's Indian layouts and especially the Benoni were painted on his skin. He analyzed them passionately, understood many variations in his own way and served up a new idea, new move or a completely new plan in practically every single game. In addition to all these theoretical ideas, Planinc's chess game was characterized by something else: constantly looking for a way to win. He was unfamiliar with the draw in practice, and eventually began to despise it more and more. The parallels to Robert Fischer draw themselves, only that the way of Planinc was even more complicated, even more difficult. However, there was one important difference between him and Fischer. While the American was content with victories - the easier it was, the more he liked it - Planinc himself was never satisfied with victory itself. It needed an accessory, an aesthetic input, preferably one that would turn chess games into works of art.

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Albin Planinc, in characteristic »thinking pose«.



Ivan Žagar: »Would you try mastilo? Or šargarepa?«



Match Hungary: Yugoslavia (junior teams). Planinc standing, third row, first from right.

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## Game No. 1

# Planinc: Cvetković

# Youth Championship of Yugoslavia 1962

(Notes by Georg Mohr)

**Srdjan Cvetković** (born 1946) was two years younger than Planinc and his long-time rival, clashing in numerous competitions. In his best years, he distinguished himself by his excellent positional style, he was considered a great theoretician and, above all, a very difficult chess player to beat.

# 1.e4 c5 2.Nf3 d6 3.d4 cd4 4.Nd4 Nf6 5.Nc3 a6 6.Bg5

This move, and the variations associated with it, have been worshipped by Planinc since his chess beginnings. His imagination had a clear path in these, then unexplored areas, and Planinc himself opened many new chapters, which were used by attackers for many years after.

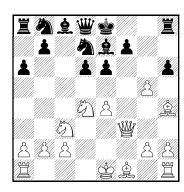
# 6...e6 7.f4 Be7 8.Qf3 h6

Later, Black stopped playing this way and switched to systems with a speedy ...Qc7, ...Nbd7, ...b5, etc. But in the early 1960s, the ...h6 and quick ...g7-g5 plan was very popular, and White players had long been looking for ways to gain an advantage.

## 9.Bh4 g5!?

The famous variation with which the Argentine Grandmaster trio (Miguel Najdorf, Oscar Panno and Herman Pilnik) surprised the Soviet Grandmaster favourites (Paul Keres, Efim Geller and Boris Spassky) on the same day at the Gothenburg Interzonal Tournament 1955 and created one of the most famous stories in the history of the Sicilian Defense. The Soviets, although all were shocked, pulled themselves together and outplayed the unfortunate Argentines one by one. But the variation survived nevertheless. The Soviets won games then simply because they were better chess players. The variation was also used by the young Bobby Fischer, who shocked Svetozar Gligorić with it at the Interzonal tournament in Portorož 1958, and paved the way for the Candidate's and the Grandmaster title, with a sensational, attractive draw!

# 10.fg5 Nfd7



#### 11.Bg3

In the games mentioned above, the main theoretical controversy a few

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years later had been about the sacrifice 11.Ne6, and later still White also attempted 11.Qh5. At that time Planinc did not want to enter the opening debate against a 'great theoretician' and preferred to turn instead to his own initiative.

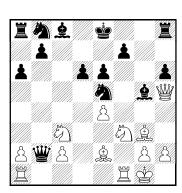
# 11...Ne5 12.Qh5 Bg5 13.Be2

13.Nf3 looks more logical, forcing Black to take on f3, as the g5-bishop is also attacked. After 13...Nf3 14.Qf3 Nc6 15.h4 followed by 16.0-0-0, White is better.

# 13...Qb6

A dramatic moment! Black attacks everything with active play and hopes for 14.Nb3, when after 14...Nc6 15.Bf2 he would save himself with the spectacular 15...Bd2!? We don't know if Planinc saw the above variation, but he certainly had something completely different in mind:

## 14.Nf3!? Qb2 15.0-0!



Simple but effective. He threatens to take on g5 or e5, and after 15...Nf3 16.Qf3 Rf8 17.Rad1, White - with all his pieces already developed - would attack Black's king.

## 15...Qc3?

The computer shows that this was a decisive error. Black could still patch things up with 15...Ng6.

#### 16.Ne5

16.Ng5? Qe3 and 17...Qg5.

# 16...de5 17.Qf7 Kd8 18.Bh5

With the threat of Qg7, when the rook would not have a safe retreat.

## 18...Nd7 19.Rad1

Black probably counted on 19.Qg7 Qd4 20.Kh1 Bf6, although he would still have been worse after 21.Qg6 and 22.Rad1.

## 19...Kc7 20.Qe6

An extremely uncomfortable position, for which the computer finds some kind of an equal game, but in that case at least a great Grandmaster is required to play the Black pieces ... The young man from Belgrade fell apart in just a few moves:

## 20...Qc5 21.Kh1 Bf4?

Did Black forget that the White could take the bishop with the rook?

# 22.Rf4 Qc6 23.Rd7 Bxd7 24.Qe5 Qd6

White could win in different ways, but Planinc aspired to attractive ways already as a young man.

25.Rf8 Qe5 26.Be5 Kc6 27.Rh8 Rh8 28.Bh8 1:0.

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