Yearbook

Contributing Authors

Adams • Agdestein • Barsky • Bosch • Caruana • Cummings • Doknjas • Erwich Flear • Fogarasi • Ganguly • Giri • Gupta • Ikonnikov • Ilczuk • Jones • Kuljasevic Lalic • Moskalenko • Nielsen • Ntirlis • Olthof • Panczyk • Ponomariov • Ris • Rodi Sadler • So • Sokolov • K.Szabo • Timman • Van der Wiel • Vilela • Willemze

CHESS OPENING NEWS

Edited by Jan Timman

From the editor



Computers, amateurs and stars

We welcome Matthew Sadler as our new contributor. In his column 'From Sadler's Engine Room', which will alternate with Erwin l'Ami's 'From Our Own Correspondent', Matthew will focus on novelties by the different computers; you will get a first taste of this research in this Yearbook. Of course, most opening preparation nowadays is based on computer analysis, so games between computers are worthwhile in general.

However, it is still possible to find new ideas early on in the game that are not based on such analysis. Such an idea is Richard Rapport's knight jump 6.公f5! in the Nimzowitsch/Larsen Opening (instead of swapping on c6 as in the famous game Larsen-Spassky, Belgrade 1970). The Hungarian grandmaster introduced this move into practice two years ago. Although he was not very successful with it, the idea was picked up by Vladislav Artemiev, and very recently by Magnus Carlsen. Now it has become a respected line. Tibor Fogarasi writes the Survey.

Carlsen likes to experiment in different openings. Faced with the Najdorf, he uncorked 6.b3 against Peter Svidler. This move was mainly known from amateur games and it shouldn't be a serious try for an opening advantage. Still, the World Champion won, mainly because he knows his way in unknown positions. Jeroen Bosch was happy to report on it.

Recently Firouzja did something interesting in the Mar del Plata Variation of the King's Indian: as White he opened the g-file, which is unusual, since White normally restricts himself to a queenside attack. Ivan Sokolov describes how this idea was born when he trained the young stars of Iran.

Jan Timman

Opening Highlights



Alireza Firouzja

In his Survey on page 193, Ivan Sokolov reveals that he used to be scared of Black's kingside attack in the 'chain struggle' of the King's Indian Mar del Plata Variation. As a trainer in Iran he was dumbfounded when one of his pupils, Mohammad Amin Tabatabaei, showed him how White can be the one to start action on the kingside! Now rising star Alireza Firouzja has used this **revolutionary weapon against the Classical King's Indian** with success, so the idea looks viable on the top level too.

Magnus Carlsen

In the Asian Goldmoney Rapid, paired against Peter Svidler, Magnus considered it was time for **yet another experiment against the Najdorf Sicilian: the almost forgotten 6.b3**. With this, his 12th(!) reply to 5...a6, the World Champion beat Svidler, who went on to use the same move against Hou Yifan two days later and beat her! Jeroen Bosch, always on the alert for early opening surprises, analyses both games (one positional, one very tactical) in his Survey on page 51.





Shakhriyar Mamedyarov

Shakh is back! After a relatively quiet period the Azeri super GM returned with his customary sharp play, among others in the New In Chess Classic. There he sparred a few times with Nakamura in a swashbuckling line of the Ragozin (Survey by Vilela on page 185) while he confronted Levon Aronian with **the cool rook move 9....Ib8 instead of the common 9....Wb6 in the currently hot Four Knights Sicilian**. The merits of this flexible option are explained by Abhijeet Gupta in his Survey on page 75.

Wesley So

We often present the American elite grandmaster as a very solid player here, and that is just the style in which he met Firouzja's Caro-Kann during the Magnus Carlsen Invitational. However, **So demonstrated with his careful treatment of the Short Variation that Black's task is not easy here**. Eventually, all hell broke loose over Alireza's uncastled king in a dazzling display of fireworks. We have Wesley's own analysis of this beautiful game in the Survey by Luis Rodi on page 94.





Richard Rapport

Anish Giri

Many black players struggle to find counterplay against the Catalan. Anish Giri has done some groundbreaking work in the Bogo-Indian line (and not only there, as you will see throughout this Yearbook). The Dutch winner of the Magnus Carlsen Invitational was also a long-time contender in the second leg of the Candidates. Against Ding Liren, Giri demonstrated **a way for Black to find activity in the Bogo-Catalan** by... pushing the h-pawn! Joshua Doknjas explains what this is all about on page 168.

Bent Larsen lost a famous game to Boris Spassky in his pet 1.b3 which turned into a Reversed Sicilian. But this opening too has evolved, and Richard Rapport's move 6. 265!? has been deployed by the likes of Carlsen and Nepomniachtchi. Such **an extravagant treatment of this set-up with 1.b3 and 3.c4** suits Rapport to a 't', as his fellow-Hungarian Tibor Fogarasi argues in his Survey on page 211. This is Tibor's 100th Yearbook Survey!





Zhansaya Abdumalik

From Kazakhstan's fresh grandmaster we present a victory over super-talent Praggnanandhaa thanks to **a very daring queen move in the Queen's Gambit Accepted**, in a line that was reputed to have been refuted. Zhansaya adopted an idea from Thai Dai Van Nguyen to introduce a series of fabulous tactics. The line, analysed by Robert Ris on page 155, may soon be written off as 'merely a surprise weapon', but Abdumalik has made her point!

Matthew Sadler

We present a new column, 'From Sadler's Engine Room', which will alternate with Erwin l'Ami's column on opening developments in correspondence chess. Matthew Sadler will write about opening developments in computer chess, a field in which the Englishman is considered an expert since his book *Game Changer*, co-written with Natasha Regan. In the first instalment (see page 27), Sadler delves deeply into a **couple of surprisingly offbeat computer opening ideas**.



Your Variations

Trends & Opinions

Forum

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	French Defence	Winawer Variation 5. 🖄 d2	Moskalenko 1	4
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	Nimzo-Indian Defence	Bronstein Variation 4b6	Gradl 1	.5
	French Defence	Tarrasch Variation 3 5f6	Moskalenko 1	7
	Slav Defence	Botvinnik Variation 10 🖄 e7	Gradl 1	8
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Solutions to exercises				
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HOT! = a trendy line or an important discovery
SOS = an early deviation

GAMBIT = a pawn sacrifice in the opening

Forum

The return of practice

The FORUM is a platform for discussion of developments in chess opening theory in general and particularly in variations discussed in previous Yearbook issues.

Contributions to these pages should be sent to: editors@newinchess.com

More food for thought in the Sicilian Four Knights

by Luis Rodi SI 34.8 (B45) YB 118, 128, 139

Instead of the positional and Sveshnikov-minded 6. 创db5, Henry Bird's move 6. 2xc6 (played first in 1849) leads to a more original struggle which has been the subject of various recent articles in the Yearbook, by Iva Videnova (YB 128), Andrea Stella (YB 139) and yours truly (YB 118), and also in some repertoire books (by Vassilios Kotronias & Semko Semkov and John Shaw). Yet, as is not surprising in a line where so much is still to discover, new ideas keep appearing all the time, and old moves, or moves previously considered harmless, are 'rescued' from oblivion. MVL's king walk against 'Pragg' in the recent World Cup tournament belongs to the second group.

Maxime Vachier-Lagrave Rameshbabu Praggnanandhaa

Krasnaya Polyana 2021 (4.2) 1.e4 c5 2.公f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.公xd4 公f6 5.公c3 公c6 6.公xc6 bxc6 7.e5 公d5 8.公e4 響c7 9.f4 響b6 10.c4 息b4+ 11.含e2 f5 12.exf6

12.②f2 – the subject of Stella's Survey – is the main alternative here. A game in the same tournament saw 12... 皇a6 13.當f3 ②e7 14.皇e3 皇c5 15.皇xc5 豐xc5



16. 營a4!? (this is rarely played, instead of the main move 16. 營d6) 16... 遑b7 17.h4! (this looks like a strong novelty, fighting for the initiative) 17...₩b6 18.₩a3 c5+ 19.�g3 O-O?! (19...h6 is the computer suggestion here, but it looks a bit weakening) 20.④d3 罩c8 21. 흹e2 with initiative) 20.Ξd1! Ξfd8 (20...Ξad8 21. 奠e2±) 21. 奠e2± 罩ab8 22.罩d2 公c6 (22...d5 23.exd6 罩xd6 24.罩xd6 營xd6 25.罩d1 響b6 26.h5±) 23.罩d6! 響b4 24. 響xb4 ②xb4 25.a3 ②c2 26.嘼c1 幻d4 27.臭d1+-Esipenko-Abasov, Krasnaya Polyana 2021. After some great preparation work, it's harvest time for White, a task also performed impressively by Esipenko: 27... 🚊 e4 28.b4 當f8 29.罩c3 當e7 30.bxc5 ②c6 31. ②xe4 fxe4 32. 奠c2 e3 33.邕xe3 公a5 34.邕a6 邕b2 35. 皇xh7 ②xc4 36. 罩c3 ②d2 37. 🚊 c2 and Black resigned. 12...⊘xf6 13.≜e3 ₩d8 Here we have a modern tabiya of the Four Knights Sicilian.

Forum

White resigned, as his only developed piece, the queen, has no good square to retreat to. Hasta la vista!

Excitement!

a letter by William Devin VO 18.8 (E00)

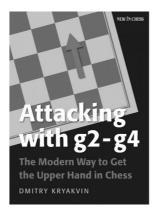
Recently I read the New In Chess book Attacking with g2-g4 – The Modern Way to get the Upper Hand in Chess by Dmitry Kryakvin. I was very excited because I have played an early g2-g4 for years against the Nimzo-Indian Defence. with reasonable success. I had hoped to see analysis by Mr Kryakvin of lines similar to what I have played. Unfortunately there is no discussion of any lines similar to the following game, played 55 years ago at the Lansing Chess club in East Lansing, Michigan. The game reflects perfectly the spirit of his dedication, and is quite pretty, I think.

William Devin NN

East Lansing 1965 **1.d4 ②f6 2.c4 e6 3.g4**



3...⁴∆xg4 3...d5. **4.e4 ₩h4** 4...⁴∆f6 5.e5 ⁴∆g8 (5...⁴∆b4+) 6.⁴∆d3 ⁴∆e7 7.⁴∆f3 g6 8.h4



h5 9.公c3 d5 10.exd6 豐xd6 11.公e4 豐b4+ 12.皇d2 豐xb2 13.夏b1 豐a3 14.公f6+ 含d8 15.夏b3 豐a6 16.公e5 1-0 Krasenkova-S.Hoffman, Dos Hermanas Internet blitz 8'/2" 2004. I suspect 3.g4 was a mouse slip in this game! 4...f5; 4...皇b4+.

5.營e2 ②xf2?

A tactical error from which Black will not recuperate. 5...&b4+ 6.0c3 0f6 7.e5 0e4(7...@xd4 8.&d2) 8.@e3 f59.0f3 (9.exf6 0-0 10.0f3@xf6 11.@xe4 @xf3 12.@xf3 $\blacksquarexf3 13.\&e3 \textcircled{0}c6\mp$).

6.豐xf2 豐xe4+ 7.皇e2 公c6 The point is that if 7...豐xh1 8.皇f3 traps the queen. 8.②f3

Because of Black's huge lag in development his three pawns are no match for White's extra piece.

8...⊘b4?!

This only exacerbates the developing problems.



9.0-0!+- 公c2 10.公c3 營g6+ 11. 🖢 h1 🖄 xa1 Biting the bullet. 12. @e5 響f6 13. 響g3 響e7 14.<u>\$</u>g5 14. 皇h5 g6 15. ②b5 is another way to take down Black. 14...f6 15. âh5+ g6 15... 曾d8 16. ①f7+ 響xf7 17. âxf7 fxg5 18. b5 d6 19. 鬯xg5+ 遑e7 20. 鬯xg7 罩f8 21.罩xa1. 16. £xf6 White's pieces are invading everywhere. 16...b6 17. gxg6+ hxg6 20.②d6+ 會d8 21.響e8# 1-0

William Devin, USA

Reply by Dmitry Kryakvin: I am surprised at how many variations of the g2-g4 move there are. This is a good topic for future books!

A pragmatic Nimzo-Indian line

a letter by Wayne R. Gradl

NI 13.8 (E45) YB 113

As recognized by Bobby Fischer. 1.d4 2f6 2.c4 e6 3. 2c3 2b4 4.e3 b6!? is certainly a very pragmatic way to play the Nimzo-Indian (RR: see also Glenn Flear's Survey elsewhere in this issue about the same reply to 4... ₩c2 !). If White pursues 'smooth development' with 5. 皇d3 皇b7 6. ④f3. then. among other things, Black can play 6... ②e4, reinforce that knight with ...f7-f5, and play for a kingside attack, especially if White opts to defend c3 with 7. 響c2 instead of playing 7.0-0!?. Unfortunately, White can and frequently does deny Black the possibility of

Engines like offbeat lines too

by Matthew Sadler



The influence of chess engines on modern-day play is rapidly increasing. English grandmaster Matthew Sadler is the strongest amateur player in the world. He also wrote the best-seller Game Changer with Natasha Regan in 2019, is fascinated by computer play and writes about it with a lot of gusto and expertise. In this column, which will alternate with Erwin l'Ami's 'From Our Own Correspondent' column, Matthew introduces you to the wonderful world of chess engine openings, where everything seems possible.

Once over-the-board chess returns to our lives, it's going to be interesting to see the effect of a year of Covid lockdown on the opening choices of chess players. I am not talking so much about the elite players but more about normal players whose practice has consisted of a daily diet of bullet and blitz. My own post-Covid definition of serious chess is if I haven't given away a pawn or my position after three moves (the Englund Gambit 1.d4 e5 and Elephant Gambit 1.e4 e5 2.2f3 d5 have been my constant companions these past months)!

Larsen's 1.b3

VO 8.9 (A01)

One of my online favourites is 1.b3, an opening I treasure as it helped me secure my third and final IM norm more than 30 years ago.

Matthew Sadler Marc Geenen

Metz 1989 1.b3 e5 2.≗b2 d5 3.e3 ∅c6 4.≗b5 ≗d6



I have always enjoyed facing these most ambitious lines where Black occupies the central space that White has left free. **5.f4**

The sharp fight initiated by this move (5...exf4 is impossible due to 6. \$\overline{x}g7\$ so Black must struggle to maintain the pawn on e5) places Black on the back foot at once and brought me some good victories.

5.... 響e7 6. ②f3 f6 7. ②c3 皇e6 8.0-0 a6 9. 皇xc6+ bxc6 10.fxe5 fxe5 11. ②xe5 皇xe5 12. 響h5+ 皇f7 13. 覃xf7 皇xh2+ 14. 響xh2 響xf7 15. 響e5+ 全d7 16. 覃f1 響e7 17. ②a4



... was a promising exchange sacrifice that led to an endgame win.

Just over a year ago, a bonus match was played at the TCEC between Stockfish and Leela Zero's baby sister: Leela CPU. Leela CPU can run on the same hardware as Stockfish, but it is considerably weaker than its big sister! However, the match had many interesting moments and one made me jump out of my chair! Sicilian Defence Closed Variation SI 44.5 (B23)

The Lockdown Opening

by Surya Sekhar Ganguly

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	. ②c3 . d4 . ৺xd4		∕⊡c3 d4 ৺xd4		(c5 e6 cxd4 ∅]c6	
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曾皇乞皇

Before playing in the Asian Nations Cup in October 2020, I talked with the talented young Indian GM Raunak Sadhwani, who introduced me to this particular line. He picked it up during the lockdown period and played four games with it in online chess. All of these games were exclusively played by Raunak in blitz. I got curious about the simplicity of this line and started investigating. I noticed that in 2019 Illya Nyzhnyk played it twice in OTB tournament games, but Raunak had a different approach to deal with this line - one that looked more attractive. Most of the games played in this variation were/are online.

The preliminary idea is simple.

Although the queen looks odd on e3, it does a valuable job of preventing ...d7-d5 due to the pin on the e-file, and it also helps White play e4-e5 in many cases with the black knight on f6. I started analysing this line deeply before the



Raunak Sadhwani

Asian Nations Cup, and below I will share my findings.

The obvious-looking 6...d5

After 5... 句f6 6. 句f3, this is probably the most obvious-looking move. After all, it is said that if Black gets the ...d7-d5 break in the Sicilian, it is usually good for him. Well, here, the most popular move is not the best choice for Black. Due to its natural look, it has been played many times. Raunak had a game here, and based on that, I came up with the strong improvement 11.c3, which gives White an edge. In the game against Bilguun in Asian Nations Cup 2020 (Game 1), I got a winning position rather quickly and maintained the same until the almost very end, but blundered in time pressure and only drew in the end.

The super-odd ...d7-d6-d5 and transposition issues

Instead of the move 6...d5, Black can also play 6...d6 and throw in ...d6-d5 only once White commits to 7.b3. This occurred in a Chess24 Banter Blitz game between Aronian and Carlsen (Game 2). Interestingly, the game started with 1.e4 c5 2. (2) c3 d6 and then eventually transposed into the Survey line. After the mass exchange on d5, Black was forced to take with the queen (remember the queen on e3?), giving White an additional tempo with @c4. Levon got a good position but eventually lost the game, which has no connection with the opening. Clearly, in the opening phase, White was more successful than Black.

The decent but unpopular 6... 2b4

This move is hugely underestimated. My hunch is that this is because players do not like the response 7.a3 when it is easy to miss (especially in online games) 7...公g4! 8.豐f4 兔xc3+ 9.bxc3 豐f6!. This move saves Black and gives him a decent, playable position. On the other hand, if White goes 7.ᅌ.d2, as Raunak played against Korchmar (Game 3), then the simple novelty 7...d6 seems to solve Black's problems. It gives Black a nice retreat square on c5 for his bishop.

The ugly-looking 6... 🚊 e7

This move was played in a 2017 correspondence game (Game 4), and we are yet to see this at master level. No one would like it at first sight as it allows White to play 7.e5, practically forcing Black to go 7... 公d5 and get a bad pawn structure after the exchange on d5. I tried to find some advantage for White here but failed against the machine – although I would be happy to play this over the board irrespective of the computer evaluation. On second thought, now that I also know Black's ideas in the position, I would not mind playing it as Black either...

5th move alternatives

Another Indian prodigy, GM Arjun Erigaisi, played 5... ²b4 against Raunak in an online event (Game 5). White could immediately exploit the missing 16 move by going 6.a3 when Black does not have the ... 约g4 trick anymore that was available in the 6... ²b4 lines. In the game, 6. 2d2 was played, when Black had the chance to transpose by playing 6... 🖓 f6, but in the game 6... 🖗 e7 happened, which again gave White the chance to take over. After a short rollercoaster ride, White won the game. Other alternatives could be 5...a6, which is also fine according to engines, and we can get into a very original position after 6. 響g3, which requires more practical tests. I prefer White, as Black has to be very creative to maintain the balance while White's moves are rather easy to make. The move 6...b6 with the idea of ... £c5 does not prevent White from getting to g3 with his queen, and I didn't find equality there for Black.

Conclusion

This online opening would need to go through many classical tournament games to get its proper reputation. It is high time to pick up the line as theory has not evolved much yet. From a practical point of view, I like White, and Black should find some concrete way to maintain the balance. If I have to play this line as Black, I would probably pick 6... 24 for now, although also after 6... 24 For now, although also after 6... 24 For now found anything. I look forward to seeing some very interesting games in this direction in the near future.

The obvious-looking 6...d5

Surya Sekhar Ganguly Sumiya Bilguun

Asia Nations online Cup final rapid 2020 (1)

1

1.e4 c5 2.⊘c3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.≝xd4 ⊘c6 5.≝e3 ⊘f6 6.⊘f3

6. 2d2 has been played a few times. When I prepared this line as White, my major block was the simple 6... &e7, threatening 7...d5, e.g. 6... ĝe7! 7. ₩g3 (7.f4 d5!∓; 7.e5 ②g4 8.響g3 ②gxe5 9.響xg7 ②g6↑; the natural 7.0-0-0 fails to 7...d5! 8.exd5 exd5!∓. Surprisingly, Black takes the isolated pawn and opens up the position while his king is in the centre. There is no way White can stop Black from playing ...d5-d4 now) 7... h5 (after 7...d5!? 8.e5 d4! Black gets easy play after the following exchanges: 9.exf6 dxc3 10. 2xc3 2xf6 11. 2xf6 \vert xf6 12.0-0-0 0-0=) is good enough for equality, e.g. 8. 響f3 公f6 9.0-0-0 (9. ₩g3 ②h5=) 9...d5 ≈. 6...d5



7.exd5 🖄 xd5 The pawn sacrifice 7...心b4 doesn't look scary here: with 8. 息b5+! 息d7 9. 響e2 White calmly returns the pawn and seizes the initiative, e.g. 9... Dxd5 10. ②xd5 ②xd5 11.0-0± and Black is behind in development while the knight on d5 is not stable either. 8. 公xd5 響xd5 9. 息d3 9. Wb3 was played by Nyzhnyk once, but this move doesn't promise any advantage to White: 9... 2c5! (9... b4 1-0 (48) Nyzhnyk-Zhou Jianchou, Sturbridge 2019) 10. ^wxd5 exd5 and Black's active piece play justifies his isolated pawn. The position remains balanced. 9... 2c5 9... 2b4 looks tempting, but White has a devilish trap in mind down the line:

10. 皇e4 響c4 (stopping White from castling) 11.c3 皇c5?! (11... 公d5 is the lesser evil, e.g. 12. 響d4 響xd4 13. 公xd4 and White remains slightly better).



This natural move fails to the following cute tactic: 12. @f4!@d3+ (12...@d6 13. $@e5\pm$; 12...@d513. @xf7+! @xf7 14. $@e5+\pm$) 13. @xd3@xd3 14. @xf7+! @xf7 15. $@e5+\pm$. **10. @e2 0-0 11.c3!** 11.0-0 @h512. @e1 @b4 13. @e4 @d5 is also good for White, but I like the move played in the game as it sets a good trap and is objectively stronger.



I had seen the Titled Tuesday blitz game by Raunak that went 11.0-0. My planned improvement was the move I played in the game. **11... \$d6** 11... **ä**d8 12. \$e4 ₩d7 (12...₩h5 13.g4 (the point of delaying castling) 13... \vert xg4 (13...) 御h3 14. 息g5+-; Black cannot prevent both threats of 15. ②g1 and 15. @xd8) 14. Ig1 Wh3 15. Ig3 Wh5 16.罩g5+-) 13. 盒c2 響c7 14.響e4! f5 15. 響e2±. Black gets into trouble due to his weak squares, and the c8-bishop remains passive. 12. 2e4 ₩h5 13. ge3 f5 14. gxc6! bxc6 15.0-0-0 **2c7** 16. **C4** White is completely winning from this point. 16 ... We8 17. Zhe1 h6 18. 2c5 If6 19. 2d6 2b6 20. 2c5 ≜c7 21.≜d4 Ig6 22.g3 🔄h7 **23.h3** 23. @e5 @xe5 24. @xe5+-.

23...a5 24. Wc5 a4 25. Wxf5 exf5 26. ¤xe8 c5 27. @e5 27. @xc5+-. 27... \$b7 28. Ixa8 \$xa8 29. Id7 âd8 30. Ixd8 âxf3 31. Id7 âe4 ≜b1 35.a3 ≜a2 36. 🕸c3 ≞b6 37. âxg7+ \$e8 38. \$xc5T \$b3+ **39. \$c2** 39. \$d4! \$\$xb2 40. \$xh6 □xf2 (40...□b3 41.h4 □xa3 42.h5+-) 41. @f4+- If3 42.h4 Ixa3 43.h5+-. 39... If3 40. 2d4 f4 41.gxf4 Ixf4 42. \$c3 \$\$f3+ 43. \$e3 \$\$xh3 44.**¤d5** 44.b4! axb3 45.a4 **¤h1** 46.a5+-. 44.... ah4 45. ad4 h5 46. \$b4 \$b3 47. \$b5 \$\overline{b}\$f4 48. \$\overline{b}\$d6 h4 49.c5 h3 50. 2e5 50.c6 h2 51.c7+-. 50...h2 51.Äh6 Äxf2 52. \$b6?? The final blunder, after which there is no win. 52. 2xh2 äxb2 53.c6+−. 52... gd5 53.äxh2 äxh2 54. ≜xh2 sd7= 55. ≜e5 ≜c6 56. \$\$a7 \$\$c8 57. \$\$a6 \$\$d5 58. \$\$b5 âb3 59.c6 \$d8 60.\$c5 \$c8 61. \$b6 \$d1 62.b4 axb3 63. \$b2 \$f3 64.c7 \$c6 65.\$e5 \$e8 66. \$c3 \$d7 67. \$b2 \$e8 68. \$c3 @d7 69.@b2 @e8 70.@e5 @d7 71. 2b2 1/2-1/2

The super-odd ...d7-d6-d5 and transposition issues

2

Levon Aronian Magnus Carlsen

Chess24 Banter Blitz Cup final 2020 (3.8) **1.e4 c5 2. ④f3 d6** Not part of our Survey... yet! 3.d4 cxd4 4. 響xd4 Ôf6 5.Ôc3 Ôc6 6.₩e3 e6 Now we are back in our Survey, which would arise after the move 6...d6 instead of the 6...d5 which we saw in the previous game. 7.b3! In correspondence chess, a player named Lombardi tried 7. 🖄 d3 a few times. I am not a big fan of this idea, and I feel Black can deal with it rather easily: 7... 2e7 8.0-0 0-0₽. I don't see any issues in Black's position. He could play ... 🖄 g4 next, aiming for the e5-square. He also keeps the standard Sicilian queenside plans witha7-a6 and ...b7-b5 at his disposal.

3



The text move fits in with the idea of keeping the queen on e3. White wants to castle queenside and would like to have his bishop on the a1-h8 diagonal. **7...d5** Only one game has been played with this strange ...d7-d6-d5 moveorder, and that is the current game played by Magnus. Black tries to punish White for his last move by activating his dark-squared bishop and charging at the centre immediately.

A) 7...a6 8. 2b2 b5 9.0-0-0 鬯c7 is close to equality according to the engine, but from a practical point of view, it is a lot easier for White to create an attack on the kingside than for Black to do the same on the queenside, e.g. 10. 眞g1 2b711. 2b1;

B) 7... @e7 8. @b2 0-0 9.0-0-0 a6 10. Ig1! (White wants to play g4-g5. By not committing to h2-h3, he wants to save a tempo by playing h2-h4 directly; 10.g4!? ⁽∕₂xg4 11. ⁽We2⁽)</sup> e2⁽ is also an interesting practical try for White; 10.h3 \u00eerc7 11.g4 b5 (11... \u00eerc8 e8 12.g5 心d7 13.h4+- Hanreck-Hebert, Ramsgate 1984) 12.g5 2d7 13.h4 ②c5≈) 10... ②g4 (trying to exploit the g4-square; 10... 鬯c7 11.g4土) 11. 響e1 響c7 (11... 響b6 doesn't stop White from playing 12.h3! 🖉 ge5 (12...心xf2 13.罩d2+-) 13. 含b1 息d7 (taking on f3 only helps White to build pressure on g7) 14. 2xe5 ∅xe5 15. ≜e2± and a kingside pawn storm with f2-f4 and g2-g4 is coming soon) 12.h3 @ge5 13.@h2! (planning to chase the knight further from e5) 13... Id8 (including 13... 創g5 14. 當b1 would only worsen things as White will eventually get g2-g3 and f2-f4) 14.f4 2g6 15.g3±.



11. @e2 11. @e4! @a5+ 12. @e2! (à la Karpov!) 12 ... @e7 13. @b2 0-0 14. \[hd1\to and soon the king will head back to g1 while keeping the development advantage. 11... @a5+ **12. (b) (1**) **(c) (c) (c)** 14. 2xd2±. 12... @e7 13. @b2 @f6! 13...0-0 14.h4→. **14. ≜xf6 gxf6** 15.2d2 15.g3!?∞. 15... 2d7 15... 2e7! (prophylaxis against 必e4) 16. 纪e4 Ôd4!∓. 16.Ôe4 \$e7 17.₩e3 17.罩d1 ④e5∓. **17...罩ad8** 17... ④e5 18. @f4+-. 18. @e2?! 18. Ze1 It was better to develop the h1-rook in a different manner, e.g. 18... \langer hg8 20. "f4 Ig6 20... axc4! 21.bxc4 Wh5+ 22.f3 We5∓. 21. Ind1 Ôxc4 21...h5!?1. 22.bxc4 "e5 23. "e3 f5 24. ②d6?! 24. ②c5 響xe3+ 25. 营xe3 ĭg4 (25... ģc6 26. Ĩxd8 ģxd8 27.邕d1+ 含c7 28.②d3=) 26.邕ab1 29.c5=. 24... "xe3+ 25. sxe3 **≜c6 26.c5** 26. 26b5! ≈. 26... 2h6! White probably missed the following brilliant idea. 27.h4 f4+!! 28. \$xf4 28.gxf4 \[xh4 29. \]g1 b6-+. 28... If6+ 29. e3 If3+-+ 30. gd4 Ixf2 30...b6!-+. 31. If1 **Xf1 32. Xf1 f6 33.g4 e5+** 33... b6!-+. 34. \$c4 \$e6 35.g5 \$f8 36.gxf6 36.@f5! \2g8∓. 36...\2xf6-+ 37.Äxf6+ 🕸 xf6 38.対d3 🖄g6-+ 39. ģe3 ģh5 40. 公c4 ģxh4 h4 44.②f5+ 🔤g4 45.②h6+ 🔤g5 46.②f7+ 诊f6 47.②h6 诊g5 48.@f7+ @g6 49.@e5+ @f5 0-1

Raunak Sadhwani Vasiliy Korchmar

Titled Tuesday blitz 2020 (6) 1.e4 c5 2. 신c3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4. 빨xd4 신c6 5. 빨e3 신f6 6. 신f3 요b4



This move hasn't gained any popularity probably because it is not obvious how Black is going to deal with the direct reply 7.a3. 7. 2d2 7.a3 2g4! (a nice intermediate move to disturb White's queen; 7... 愈xc3+ 8. 響xc3 0-0 9. 2d3 d5 10.exd5 2xd5 (10...exd5 11. 息e3±) 11. 鬯b3±) 8. ₩f4 (8. ₩d3 &c5 9. 2d1 d5 =>) reason why Black is able to play 7...公g4) 10. 響xf6 (10. 響xg4 響xc3+ 11. ��d1 響xa1 12.e5 0-0 and there is no attack coming immediately. thus White is lost here) 10...公xf6 11. ^(a)d3 e5*≈*. **7...0-0** 7...d5?! 8.exd5 ②xd5 9. ②xd5 響xd5 10. 息d3 ±; 7...d6!N is still unplayed, but I am sure this will soon change. Black creates a nice retreat square for his dark-squared bishop, and prepares the thematic move ... e6-e5: 8. 2d3 (8.0-0-0 0-0≈) 8...0-0 (8... 🖄 c5 9.≝e2) 9.0-0-0 e5 10. ģb1 ģe6 . 8.e5 8.a3! is right on time when Black is lacking a good square for his bishop, e.g. 8... @a5 (8... @xc3 9. \$xc3 d5 10. \$xf6 ₩xf6 11.e5±) 公xd2 12. 響xd2 響c7 13. 響e3±. 8... 2xc3 9. 2xc3 9. 2xc3 2e4 here White is missing 12. ₩e3 due to 12... 2b4 ideas. 9... 2d5 10. 2d2 ②xc3 11. ≝xc3 f6≈ 12.exf6 ≝xf6 13. Wxf6 Xxf6 13...gxf6! 14.0-0-0 d5 15.c4 dxc4 16. \$xc4 @a5 17. \$d3 e5

Sicilian Defence - Closed Variation



15. \$b5! \$d7 16. The1 a6 17. \$xc6 **≜xc6 18.¤d2± ¤af8 19.b3** 19.¤e3! ¤g6 20.g3 ¤gf6 21.⊘e5 ¤xf2 22.¤xf2 19...h6?! Missing his chance: 19... Ig6! 20. h4 Igf6=. 20.a4 e8 21. 2d4 Exf2 22. 2xe6 22. Exe6+-. 22... 38f6 23. 44 23.g3±. 23... 2g6 **24. ¤xf2** 24. ¤e7 ¤xd2 25. $\dot{}$ xd2±. 24... Äxf2 25. Äe2 Äxe2 26. Øxe2 **ὑf7 27.ὑd2 ὑe6??** 27...b6 28.b4 'ģf6≓. 28.\2f4+!+- ģf7 29.\2xg6 \$\$xg6 30.\$\$e3 \$\$f5 31.\$\$d4 \$\$e6 32. \$c5 \$e5 33.a5 g5 34. \$b6 ģd4 35.ģxb7 ģc3 36.ģc6 d4 37. \$c5 g4 38.b4 1-0

The ugly-looking 6... 🚊 e7

Danila Berezhnoy Igor Volkov cr 2017

1.e4 c5 2.②f3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.豐xd4 ②c6 5.豐e3 ②f6 6.②c3 逾e7 6...豐c7 7.h3 (threatening 8.e5) 7...d6 8.②b5 豐b8 9.c4 *逾e*7 10.*逾e2* gives White a small but secure edge. 4



This move provokes White into playing 7.e5, and from a practical point of view, it is not easy to

play on the black side here; thus, it never really got popular. 7.e5 🖄 d5 The only time this position was reached was in the correspondence game that we see now. It is no wonder that the upcoming structure does not look appealing in a tournament game. 8. 4)xd5 exd5 9. 2d3 9. 2d2 0-0 10.0-0-0 d6 11.exd6 @xd6 and the machine generates enough counterplay for Black to keep the balance; 9.c4 0-0! 10.cxd5 鬯a5+ 11. 2d2 ≝xd5 **≥**. 9...0-0 10.0-0 After 10.h4, the following variation gives an impression of how tricky the line can get: 10...d6 11. 2 g5 dxe5! (11...h6 12.e6!) 12. 息xh7+ 會h8 13. 響f3 ₩d7!! (the only move that saves the game) 14. ≜e4 ₩g4 15. ≜xd5 @d4≌. **10...d6 11. Iet** 11.exd6 2xd6 12.c3 Ïe8 13.響g5 響xg5 14.≜xg5 ≜c5 and the isolated pawn does not bother the engine as Black is active enough to generate counterplay in the centre. **11...dxe5 12.** (2)**xe5** åd7∞. 13. ₩f3 After 13. åd2 åe6 14. ②xc6 bxc6 15.b4∞ I would still prefer to be White here in a would have forced an immediate draw: 14. @xh7+ @xh7 15. Wh5+ 'ġg8 16.₩xf7+ Ġh7=. **14. ¤xe5** <u>ĝe6 15.⊒e1 ĝf6 16.ĝd2 ⊒c8</u> 17.c3 17.h3!?. 17...d4 18. We4 g6 **19.c4 b6 20. 谢f4 h6** A strange correspondence move that would not come to mind naturally. **21.h4** 21. ^wxh6 ⁽²⁾/₂xc4∓. **21...** ⁽²⁾/₂xh4 22. Wxh6 &f6 23. &xg6 1/2-1/2



Something that can only happen in correspondence or engine games. Black has to make a long series of forced moves to achieve the draw: 23...fxg6 24.鬯xg6+ 空h8 25.罩e4 ₩e7□ 26.≣f4 &g7□ 27.g3!? &g8□ 28.≣h4 & xc4□ 29.₩h7+ &f8 30.≣f4+ &f7□ 31.≣g4 &g8□=.

5th move alternatives 5... 皇b4/5...a6/5...b6

Raunak Sadhwani Arjun Erigaisi PNWCC blitz 2020 (8) 1.e4 c5 2.公c3 e6 3.d4 cxd4 4.豐xd4 公c6 5.豐e3 息b4

5

A) 5...a6 6. \g3!? (preventing the development of the f8-bishop; 6. 单d2 b5 7.0-0-0 单b7 8.f4 (8. 创d5 d6! and the knight must go back sooner or later) 8...b4 (8... "c7!? ≈) 9. 2d5 ₩a5 Zadhwani-Oleksienko, PNWCC blitz 2020) 6...b5 (6...d5 7. g5 ge7 8. xe7 ⊘gxe7 9.exd5 exd5 10.0-0-0 0-0 11. ②f3∞ and the engine calls this equal, but I would prefer White here in a practical game) 7. 2d3 (7. £f4 2f6) 7... £b7 8. 2f3 d6 (preparing 9...心f6 by stopping 9.e5) 9.0-0 公f6 10.罩d1 鬯c7 11. ≜d2∞. With a2-a4 coming next, I like White here irrespective of the computer evaluation. Black has to play in a very original manner not to get worse;

B) 5...b6?! (trying to exploit
White's queen's position by preparing ... 急c5) 6. 急d2 急c5?
(6... 急b7 7.0-0-0 心f6 8. 受g3±)
7. 受g3 心f6 (0-1 (11) Csillag-Honsch, Hungary tt 2016/17) 8.e5!
心h5 9. 營h3 g6 10.g4 心g7 11. 心f3+-.



6. 2d2 6. ♥g3 2/16! 7.e5 2/15 8. ♥h3 ♥a5!≈; 6.a3! (if we compare this line with 5.. 2/16 6. 2/13 2/16 7.a3, then we see that Black is missing the key move ... 2/16/294 here) 6...2xc3+ (6...2a5 7. ♥g3 2/16 8.e5

 Δ h5 9. $\$ h3 (this time Black is missing the ... $\$ a5 resource) 9...g6 10.b4+-) 7. $\$ wc3 Δ f6 8. $\$ g3! 0-0 9.f3 d5 10.e5 Δ h5 11. $\$ h3 g6 12.f4 \pm . **6...\Deltage7?!** 6... Δ f6! transposes to the 6... $\$ b4 line. **7.a3** 7. $\$ g3!? \pm . **7...\a5 8.\b5 8.0-0-0 0-0 9.e5\pm. 8...d5 9.0-0-0 0-0 10.exd5** 10. $\$ cx45 wxa5 11. $\$ f3 ∞ . **10...\Cxd5 10...\b6! 11.\g3 (11.\f4 e5) 11...\f5\mp. 11.\ga6 12.\c3\infty.** 11...a6! 12.ዿxa5 ₩xa5-+ 13.⊘d6 ₩c5 14.ዿd3



14... ②f6? 14...f5 won a piece. **15. Wh4 ②e5**? 15...**Id**8 16. **③**e4 **③**xe4 17. **♥**xe4 f5*≠*. **16. ③**f3!± **③**xd3+ **17.Ix**d3 **<u>©</u>d7 18. ₩**d4 **♥**c7 19. **③**e5 **<u>©</u>c6**?! 19...**Ia**d8 20. **♥**c4 **♥**b8∞. **20.Ig3** 20. **♥**c5!±. **20...Ia**d8?? 20...g6! 21. **④**xc6 **♥**xc6 22. **♥**xf6 **♥**xd6 23.h4 **Ia**d8 24.h5 **♥**d4*≠*. **21. ④**xc6 **1**-0

Exercise 1



position after 13. We3-f3

Black to move.

Exercise 2



position after 26.c4-c5

Black to move.

Exercise 3



position after 12... Wd5-h5

White to move.

Various Openings Double Queen's Gambit 2...c5 VO 13.2 (D06)

The worst opening

by Ruslan Ponomariov



This time I have an unusual topic for my Survey. Some people call this the Double Queen's Gambit or the Austrian Opening, but in Soviet chess books it was always just classified as an 'irregular chess opening'. I have to admit that during my whole chess career I didn't face this move a single time, not even in online chess with either 3 or 1 minutes thinking time. That was one of the reasons why I never studied it before. However, I felt this opening should be taken more seriously when I realized that Shakhriyar Mamedyarov played many games with it from 2013 till 2021, mostly in blitz and rapid, but even in a few games with a classical time control! In 2015, Alexey Bezgodov wrote a 280-page book on the subject, which helped me a lot as a starting point to study the critical lines and directions. The Russian version of this book was published by Andrey Elkov, and the English version you can buy with New In Chess. Bezgodov is known for his original approach - he also wrote books about 1.e4 c5 2.a3!? and 1.d4 d5 2.c4 \$\cong f5.



Alexey Bezgodov

He writes with so much enthusiasm that at some moment you may start believing that everything is fine - how is it possible that I've always missed such a simple opening solution? Obviously, it is not possible to check everything and to be prepared for every possible opening line, so I would suggest a more practical approach: don't try to refute such a line immediately and instead just follow basic opening principles like quick development and safety of the king. If you have enough patience, in this case you will obtain a decent middlegame position which is playable for both sides.

Conclusion

I had some more luxury with time and the use of all materials and engines, and I think I've found some annoying moves which make me feel that Black's strategy is kind of risky. Of course, you can always take your chances and hope for a surprise effect. But what will you do when there is no surprise effect and your opponent is well prepared? Is it really worth spending so much time and energy to prepare just for one game? Later you will have to go through this process again and again. Maybe it's better to just play good openings?

Taking on d4 with the knight 6.心xd4

Daniil Dubov Magnus Carlsen

FTX Crypto Cup Prelim 2021 (9.8) **1.d4 d5 2.c4 c5** In 2008 when Boris Avrukh published his book *GM Repertoire* 1, he wrote about this move: 'Probably the worst opening Black can choose after 1.d4.' Well, in 2016 he was less categorical about this, but still the so-called Double Queen's Gambit is mainly used only as a surprise weapon especially in blitz and rapid games.

3. ②f3 I think the more precise move-order is 3.cxd5! ≝xd5 4. ②f3 cxd4 5. ②c3 ≝a5 6. ③xd4 ②f6 which transposes to our game. 3...cxd4 4.cxd5 ②f6 5. ③xd4 ≝xd5?! More accurate is 5... ③xd5 which I will discuss below. However Black insists on getting the same position as after 3.cxd5!.

6.∕Ωc3 ৠa5



One of the critical positions of this opening. Here White has many options. White has an advantage in development, but Black has destroyed White's pawn centre and if he manages to stabilize his position, he will not have any problems. That's why White needs to play energetically:

7.e4?! I guess Daniil didn't really expect this opening from Magnus and having only 15 minutes for the whole game decided to play on

instinct rather than to enter some deep home preparation.

A) The most popular move is 7.g3, in Catalan style, an absolutely normal move. However I like other options for White better, and that's why I prefer not to go into great detail here: 7...e5 8.公b3 ₩c7 9. 2g2 (in 2008, Avrukh recommended 9. \$g5 but later he changed his mind) 9... 2b4 10. Wd3!? (this was Avrukh's new recommendation in 2016) 10...0-0 11. 息g5 罩d8 12. 響e3 息xc3+ 13. [@]xc3 [@]xc3+ 14.bxc3 [@]c6 15. 2c5!? (15. \$xf6 gxf6 16. d1 ≜e6 17. ②c5 ≜xa2 (≥ 17... ②a5≈) 20. ģd2± Wang Yue-Wang Hao, Huaian 2016) 15...h6 16. £xf6 gxf6 17.罩b11. Avrukh thinks that White maintains annoving pressure here, and probably I agree with him. However modern chess is more concrete and just out of curiosity I decided to look a bit deeper: 17... 2a5!? 18. 2b5 (18.0-0 區b8) 18...公c4 19.區b4 (19.0-0 區d2; 19. 公xb7 單b8) 19...公d6 20. 公xb7 (20.0-0 a5) 20... 公xb7 21. 息xb7 單b8 White is slightly better, but I think Black has decent chances for a draw in this four-rooks endgame; B) I think a serious alternative is 7. @d2!?, for example:



B1) 7... 響e5 8.罩c1!;

B2) 7... 暫b6 8.宣c1! 总d7 9.公b3 is simply bad for Black because his queen comes under attack and so he will fall even further behind in development;

B3) It would be strange to play 7... ₩d8 because by playing only with the queen Black is sinning against all the basic opening principles; I didn't find a direct refutation here, but White can simply play 8. 2b3 (8. 息f4 公d5; 8.Ic1 e5 9. 0cb5 0a6 10. 0f3 e4 additional weaknesses, but otherwise it's not so clear how Black should develop his pieces; 8...g6 9. 2g5 2d7 10.e4) 9.g3 2e7 10.ዿg2 0-0 11.0-0 ②c6 12.ዿe3± (12. @g5!?); I'm sure this is a dream position for regular Catalan players with white;

B4) 7...e5 8. 公db5. Now in his 2015 book Bezgodov mentioned many moves for Black, but without giving much analysis: for example, 8...豐b6! (Black needs to play very carefully to keep the balance; 8....愈b4? 9.a3 愈xc3 10.公d6+ 會e7 11.愈xc3 彎d5 12.愈b4+- Shirov-Westerberg, Batumi 2019)



This move was recommended by Bezgodov. However, once again he didn't provide any analysis, so I will try to fill this blind spot:

B41) In case of 9.호e3 호c5 10.호xc5 響xc5 11.g3 Black has different decent options: 11...a6 (I like 11...호d7!? more, e.g. 12.營d6 響xd6 13.ົ\xd6+ 李e7 14.0-0-0 주c6! (14...호c6 15.주f5+; 14...주g4 15.친de4) 15.⑦xb7 트ab8 16.Ŷc5 호f5 17.f3 트hc8 18.e4 호e6 19.호a6 King's Indian Defence Classical Main Line KI 2.5 (E98)

A bad idea...?!

by Ivan Sokolov (special contribution by Simen Agdestein)

1.	d4	۵f6
2.	c4	g6
3.	Фс3	<u></u> <u> </u>
4.	e4	d6
5.	④f3	0-0
6.	≜e2	e5
7.	0-0	∕ ⊡c6
8.	d5	ଏ ଅ e 7
9.	ଦ୍ଦି e1	必d7
10.	لاً ک d 3	f5
11.	f3	f4
12.	b4	g5
13.	c5	0-
Ï	<u>∳</u> ₩	Ï 🙅



At the very start of my career (I was ten or eleven) there was a game that hugely influenced my KID approach. It was Larsen-Tal (Game 1) from their pre-



Mohammad Amin Tabatabaei

Candidates Match in 1969! In the Mar del Plata Variation, Tal 'forgot about his queenside' and sacrificed a full rook on a8 to gain time, and then a piece to keep the momentum of his attack, winning in his own inimitable style! Computer engines did not exist at the time to show me the 'easy defences' Larsen missed. The game had huge influence on me, and I enthusiastically started playing the King's Indian as Black, considering that the Mar del Plata kingside pawn roll was almost a forced win. Tal's game also influenced me to play the KID on the white side. Throughout my career I have tried almost all possible variations against it – except the Mar del Plata! The fear of Black's pawns rolling towards my king prevented me from ever entering the Mar del Plata as White.

The Iranian connection

In the summer of 2016, I started working as the national coach of Iran and I stayed on the job for almost three years. I was lucky that Iran had an amazingly gifted generation at that time. One of those talented young lions was Mohammad Amin Tabatabaei. During one of our sessions, we discussed his approach as White vs the KID.

Mohammad told me he planned to play the Mar del Plata. 'A bad idea!' was my answer. 'He will roll his pawns... bad idea... play one of the 'safe king' variations!'

Then Mohammad showed me the plan with \$\circ\$h1, "Ig1 and g2-g3, and I was amazed! At the time, there were no games in GM practice with this plan, and I was amazed by his discovery. Mohammad had combined computer engine work with his own natural talent and had thus come to this discovery. Later, we shared this knowledge with some other Iranian team members, including Alireza Firouzja. Now, years later, Alireza has introduced the same plan in a slightly different position!

My game selection

I have selected six games to help the reader understand the idea and employ it. In Firouzja-Radjabov (Game 2), Black plays the sixth-rank rook lift 13...單f6. To me this plan does not look to be equalizing. Firouzja-Jones (Game 3) is commented by Simen Agdestein. After the main continuation 13...公f6 14.a4



Jones combines the early ... 学h8 with the standard ... 單f7 plan; a strange hybrid which does not bring Black a good result.

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My inspiration – Mikhail Tal

Bent Larsen Mikhail Tal

Eersel m 1969 (5) This was Tal's sole win in a match convincingly won 4½-2½ by Larsen for an 'automatic' spot in the 1970 Interzonal. 1.2f3 2f6 2.c4 g6 3.2c3 2g7 4.e4 d6 5.d4 0-0 6.2e2 e5 7.0-0 2c6 8.d5 2e7 9. ②e1 ②d7 10. ②d3 f5 11. 息d2 ②f6 12.f3 f4 13.c5 g5 14. 亘c1 ②g6 15. ②b5 亘f7 16.cxd6 cxd6 17. 豐c2



In the remaining four examples I have selected (Games 4-7), Black goes for arguably the most logical, standard Mar del Plata set-up with ...公g6, ...h7-h5,重f7 and全f8.

Compared to the regular Mar del Plata, White does not play the move 2d2, which: a) speeds up his queenside pawn advance and b) (important in many lines) allows the rook lift 22, bringing this rook to the kingside. A critical decision for White is whether to stop Black's pawn push ...g5-g4 (as in

Game 5, Firouzja-Aryan) or ignore it and mind his own business on the queenside (as in Game 7, Stockfish-LCZero).

Conclusion

Firouzja's idea is dangerous for Black, and I expect it to gain in popularity. It looks to me that in the two mentioned games, Firouzja-Aryan and Stockfish-LCZero, the 'critical direction' is shown. In the former, do pay attention to my comment on 15... [f7!? – a new idea for Black. The latter is a crazy computer game, in which I have suggested some improvements for White – but to try to improve on a top engine's moves... well... Please beware that in many positions, computer engines (at least my Stockfish 14) tend to make things look easier for White than it is in human play!

> **17...***g***4** 17...*ф***8** 18.a4 is the main line since Larsen-Najdorf, Santa Monica 1966. **18.***ф***C7 gxf3 19.gxf3** 19.*≜x*f3!? (little-played but quite sensible) 19...*重*b8 20.*≜e*1!? (perhaps better than the obvious 20.*ϕ*e6 *≜x*e6 21.dxe6 *≣*e7); 19.*ϕ*xa8? fxe2! 20.*₩*xc8 (20.*Ξx*f4 exf4 21.*₩*xc8 *₩*f8-+; 20.*Ξ*fe1 *≜g*4! 21.h3 *≜*d7 22.*ϕ*c7 *ϕ*xe4 23.*Ξx*e2 *ϕ*g3-+) 20... exf1*₩*+ 21.*☆*xf1 *Ξ*f8 22.*₩*xd8 *Ξx*d8 23.*ϕ*c7 *ϕ*xe4 24.*≜*b4 *Ξ*d7 25.*ϕ*e8∓. **19...***≜***h3**

New wine in old bottles

by Glenn Flear



Englishman Glenn Flear lives in the south of France. For every Yearbook he reviews a selection of new chess opening books. A grandmaster and a prolific chess author himself, Flear's judgment is severe but sincere, and always constructive.

I've taken the liberty of quoting Viktor Moskalenko from the first page of his latest book on the French Defence. Despite revisiting the good old French Defence yet again, he has been able to highlight new variations that he has deemed worth tasting and bottle them up for the reader. See below to check out if his vinification has been a success! The Italian game is even older fare, but the recipe has been Modernized by the Muscovites Kalinin and Kalinichenko. Otherwise, we've seen the Scandinavian discussed in these pages on several occasions, but here it's club players who are being offered their version of a palatable smorgasbord, thanks to Thomas Willemze. Finally, the English Opening has been examined by two notable English chefs, and below you can see what they have been cooking up! So, even if you have up to now been satisfied with your treasured vintage works, this shouldn't stop you relishing what the latest crop has to offer! So, please read on.

Alexander Kalinin & Nikolai Kalinichenko **The Modernized Italian Game for White** Thinkers Publishing 2021

Thinkers Publishing seem to find innovative ways to examine even welltrodden ground, but I was curious to see what angle Alexander Kalinin & Nikolai Kalinichenko had picked. There have been so many recent works on this subject, what's going to be different here?

Ever popular at all levels, the Italian with d2-d3 still seems to be generating new ideas, but as there are so many intertwining move-orders and subtleties, the resulting complexity is little short of an author's nightmare! The answer chosen by the Russian pair has been to move away from pure theory and concentrate on themes. Those in the know might well be aware of Winning with the Slow (but Venomous!) Italian (Müller & Souleidis, New in Chess 2016, see my review in Yearbook 122) where this process was already begun, as the chapters were firmly based on strategic ideas. There, although the theory was incorporated in and around the plans, there were nevertheless many lines where the reader was required to weave his way through sack-loads of references and subvariations.

Here the authors have gone further in subjugating out-and-out theory to only a minor role. Even though there are sporadic references to alternative tries in the notes, these do remain the exception rather than the rule. As they state themselves, '... we will